

Methods of Calculus Math 1225B, 2st Assignment
Due Monday July 7th in class

1. Compute:

$$a) \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\cos \sqrt{x^2 + 5x}) \quad b) \quad \frac{d}{dx}(e^{\sin x}) \quad c) \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\tan(x^2 + 2^x)) \quad d) \quad \frac{d}{dx}(x^5 \sec e^x)$$

2. Compute:

$$a) \quad \frac{d}{dx}(e^x \arcsin(2x)) \quad b) \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\arctan(x^2))$$

3. Compute the following indefinite integrals (anti-derivatives):

$$a) \quad \int (2x^5 + 6x^2 + 4) dx \quad b) \quad \int \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{1+x^2}\right) dx \quad c) \quad \int (\sin x + \tan x \sec x) dx$$

4. Compute the following indefinite integrals (anti-derivatives) using the substitution method:

$$a) \quad \int 5(5x + 3)^{10} dx \quad b) \quad \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{5x^4 + 15}} dx \quad c) \quad \int \frac{1}{x(\ln x)^3} dx \\ d) \quad \int \sec^2(5x + 10) dx \quad e) \quad \int \sin x \cos^2 x dx \quad f) \quad \int x^2 e^{-x^3} dx$$

5. Evaluate

$$a) \quad \int_2^5 (2x^2 + 5) dx \quad b) \quad \int_0^{1/\sqrt{3}} \frac{dx}{1+x^2} \quad c) \quad \int_0^{\pi/4} \sin x dx \quad d) \quad \int_{-1}^0 x e^{-x^2} dx$$