## Spectral stability of solitary waves in the nonlinear Dirac equation in the nonrelativistic limit

## Nabile Boussaïd

Université Bourgogne - Franche-Comte, Besanșon, France

Andrew Comech

IITP, Moscow, Russia and Texas A&M University, College Station, Texas, USA

We consider the nonlinear Dirac equation in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $n \ge 1$ , with the scalar selfinteraction, known as the Soler model [Iva38, Sol70]:

$$i\partial_t \psi = D_m \psi - f(\psi^* \beta \psi) \beta \psi, \qquad \psi(x,t) \in \mathbb{C}^N, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

where the Dirac operator is  $D_m = -i\alpha \cdot \nabla + \beta m$ , m > 0, with the self-adjoint  $N \times N$ Dirac matrices  $\alpha = (\alpha^j)_{1 \leq j \leq n}$  and  $\beta$  chosen so that  $D_m^2 = -\Delta + m^2$ . The nonlinearity is represented by a real-valued function  $f \in C^1(\mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\})$  such that  $f(\tau) = |\tau|^k + O(|\tau|^K)$ for  $\tau \to 0$ , with 0 < k < K.

We study the point spectrum of the linearization at a solitary wave solution  $\phi_{\omega}(x)e^{-i\omega t}$ , focusing on the spectral stability, that is, the absence of eigenvalues with nonzero real part. For n = 1 and  $n \ge 3$ , we prove the spectral stability of solitary waves in the nonrelativistic limit  $\omega \le m$  for the charge-subcritical cases  $k \le 2/n$  and for the "charge-critical case" k = 2/n (if K > 4/n). For technical reasons, we can not consider the values  $k \ge 0$ , and we only have partial results in the dimension n = 2.

An important part of the stability analysis is the proof of the absence of bifurcations of nonzero-real-part eigenvalues from the embedded threshold points at  $\pm 2m$ i. Our approach is based on constructing a new family of exact bi-frequency solitary wave solutions  $\phi_{\omega}(x)e^{-i\omega t} + \chi_{\omega}(x)e^{i\omega t}$  in the Soler model, on using this family to determine the multiplicity of  $\pm 2\omega$ i eigenvalues of the linearized operator, and on the analysis of the behaviour of "nonlinear eigenvalues": characteristic roots of holomorphic operator-valued functions [Kel51].

The talk is based on the articles [BC16, BC17a] and the preprint [BC17b].

## References

- [BC16] N. Boussaïd and A. Comech, On spectral stability of the nonlinear Dirac equation, J. Funct. Anal. 271 (2016), pp. 1462–1524. arXiv:1211.3336
- [BC17a] N. Boussaid and A. Comech, Nonrelativistic asymptotics of solitary waves in the Dirac equation with the Soler-type nonlinearity, SIAM Journal on Mathematical Analysis (2017), to appear. arXiv:1606.07308
- [BC17b] N. Boussaid and A. Comech, Spectral stability of weakly relativistic solitary waves of the Dirac equation with the Soler-type nonlinearity (2017).
- [Iva38] D. D. Ivanenko, Notes to the theory of interaction via particles, Zh. Eksp. Teor. Fiz 8 (1938), pp. 260–266.
- [Kel51] M. V. Keldyš, On the characteristic values and characteristic functions of certain classes of non-self-adjoint equations, Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR (N.S.) 77 (1951), pp. 11–14.
- [Sol70] M. Soler, Classical, stable, nonlinear spinor field with positive rest energy, Phys. Rev. D 1 (1970), pp. 2766–2769.