Critical Fujita exponents for semilinear heat equations with quadratically decaying potential

Tatsuki Kawakami

Department of Applied Mathematics and Informatics, Ryukoku University, Japan

In this talk we study the existence/nonexistence of global-in-time positive solutions of the Cauchy problem

$$(P) \qquad \begin{cases} \partial_t u = \Delta u - V(x)u + u^p, \qquad x \in \mathbb{R}^N, \quad t > 0, \\ u(x,0) = \varphi(x) \ge 0, \qquad x \in \mathbb{R}^N, \end{cases}$$

where p > 1 and V is a radially symmetric function decaying quadratically at the space infinity. We identify the so-called critical Fujita exponent for problem (P) and we show that the critical exponent depends on whether $L_V := -\Delta + V$ is subcritical, critical or supercritical.

This is a joint work with K. Ishige (University of Tokyo).